

The Future is Precious.



Cu Alloy Wire

銅アライドワイヤー

Introduction

May 2019
TANAKA DENSHI KOGYO K.K.

Contents

- **Benefit of Cu alloy wire**
- **Excellent characteristic of Cu alloy**
 - > 2nd Bondability
 - > 1st Bondability
 - > Reliability
- **Summary of Cu alloy bonding wire**

Benefit of Cu alloy wire

- ◆ For customer using **bare Cu** wire

1. Better 2nd Bondability

- Wider 2nd bond process window.
- Higher stitch pull strength.

2. Higher reliability

- Longer HTS life.

- ◆ For customer using **Pd coated Cu** wire

1. Cost

- Lower cost

2. 1st Bondability

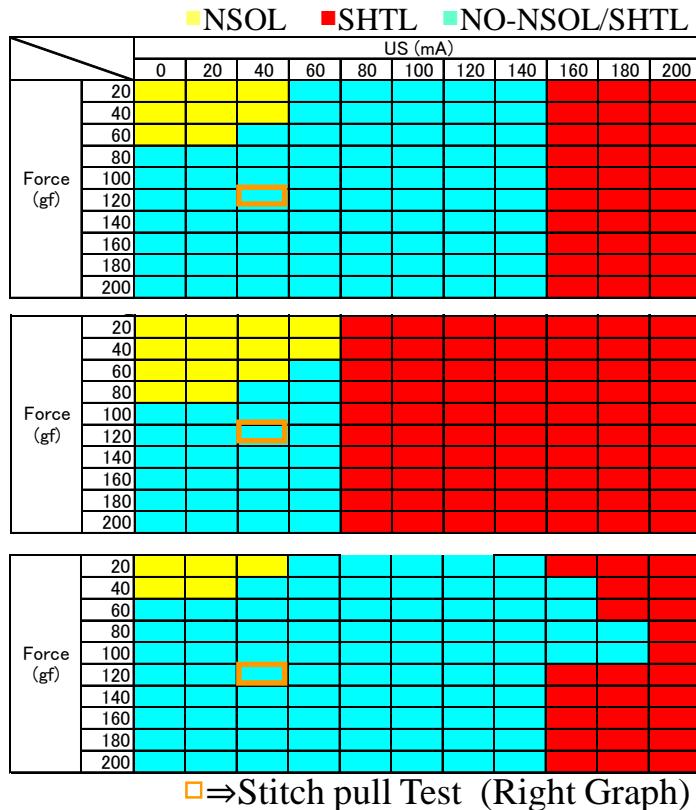
- Less Al splash

Excellent characteristic of Cu alloy

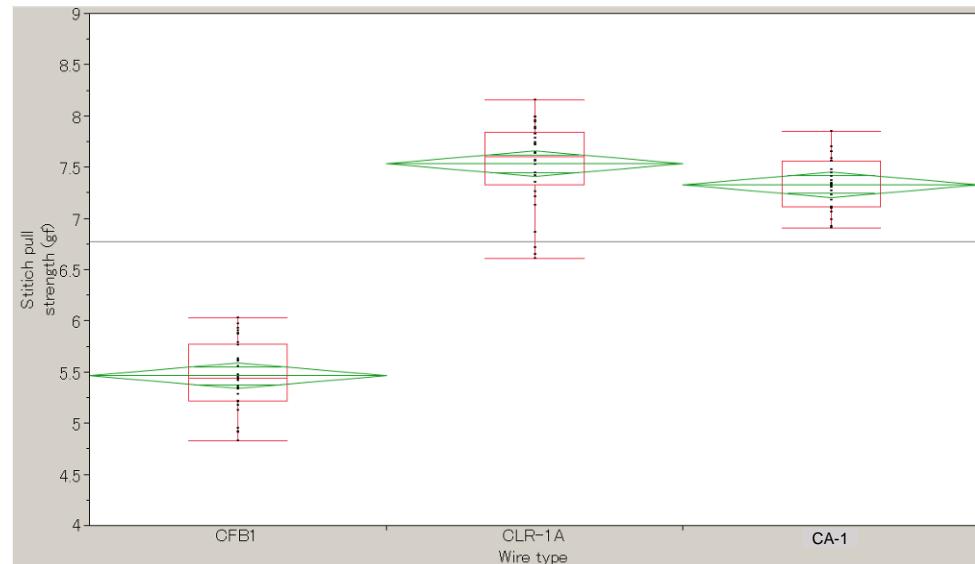
【2nd Bondability】

- ◆ Bonding parameter window

Wire : φ20um, N=200



- ◆ Stitch pull strength
(Force 120gf, US 40mA)



Wire : φ20um, N=200

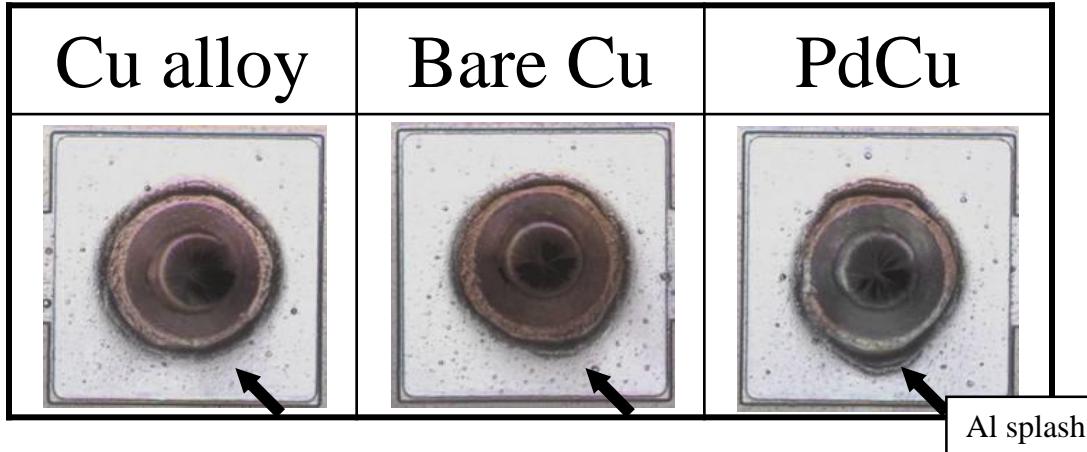
Bonder:KnS Maxum Plus (Cu kit)
Capillary :SPT SU-25080-385F-ZU34TP
Sub: Dummy substrate ,Ag electro plating
Bonding Temp:220°C

2nd Bonding window of Cu alloy is wider than bare Cu (Almost same as PdCu)

Excellent characteristic of Cu alloy

【1st Bondability】

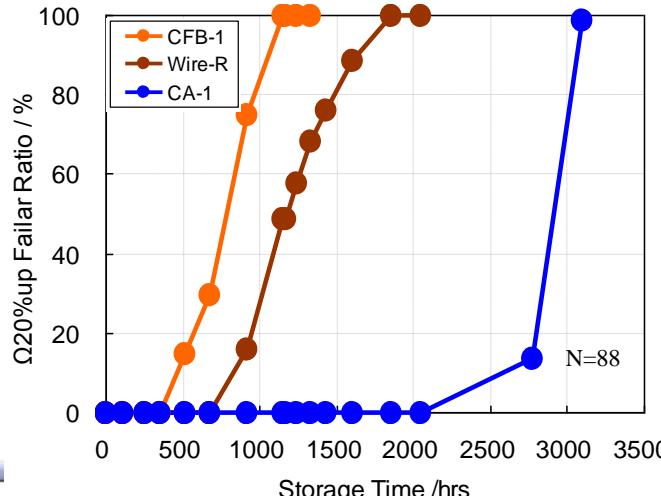
Wire : φ20um, FAB : φ38um



【Reliability】

HTS 175°C, QFP, Non-Green resin

◆ Failure Ratio



Cu alloy shows excellent reliability.

Details of Technical Data

➤ Evaluation wire

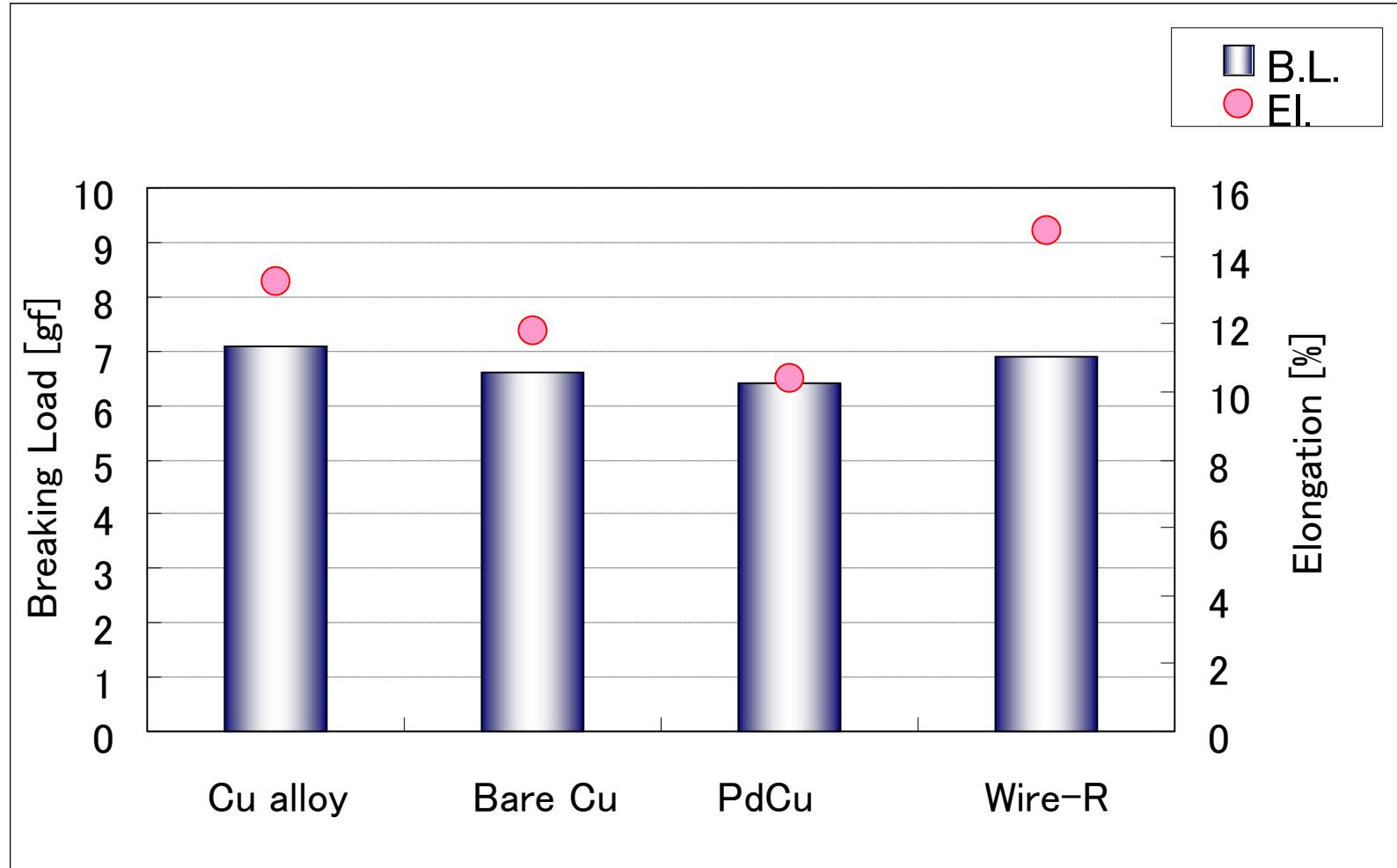
Type : Cu alloy, 4N bare Cu, PdCu, Wire-R (Competitor Cu-Alloy)

Wire Diameter : φ20um

➤ Evaluation Data

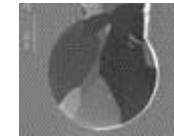
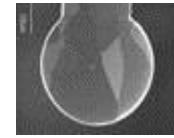
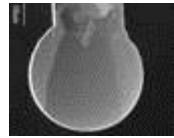
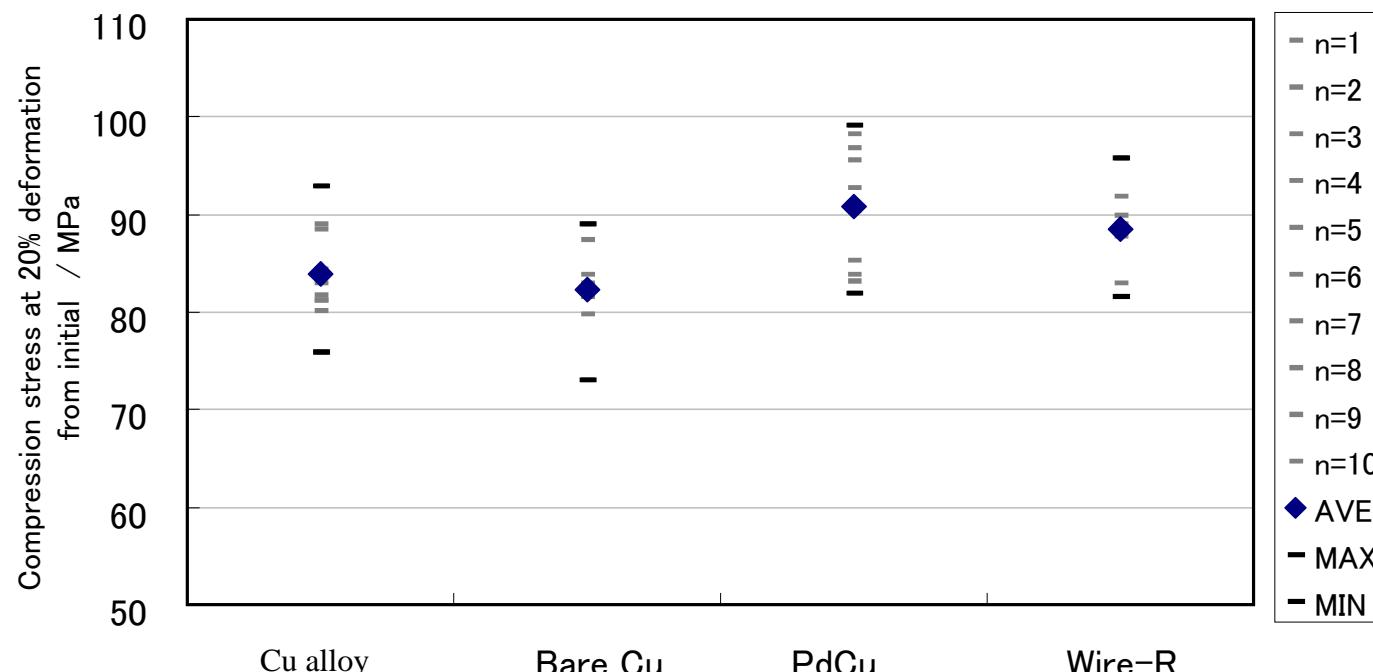
1. Mechanical properties (BL, El)
2. Compression test of FAB
3. Resistivity
4. FAB Formation
5. 1st Bondability
6. 2nd Bondability
7. Reliability
8. Summary (Details of Technical Data)

Mechanical Property Wire Comparisons (BL,El)



Breaking load and elongation of Cu alloy is higher than bare Cu and PdCu

Compression test of FAB



Compression stress of FAB of Cu alloy is almost same as bare Cu.

【FAB Making condition】

Wire : φ20um
FAB : 38um(Target)
Bonder : K&S Iconn
Gas : N₂-5%H₂, 0.5l/min
Loop mode : Free Air Ball mode
EFO Time : 160us
EFO Current : 70mA

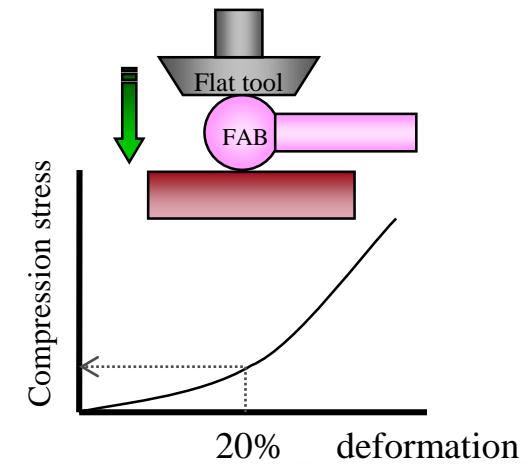
【Measurement Equipment】

Compression Tester : MCT-7500
(SHIMADZU)

【Measurement Conditions】

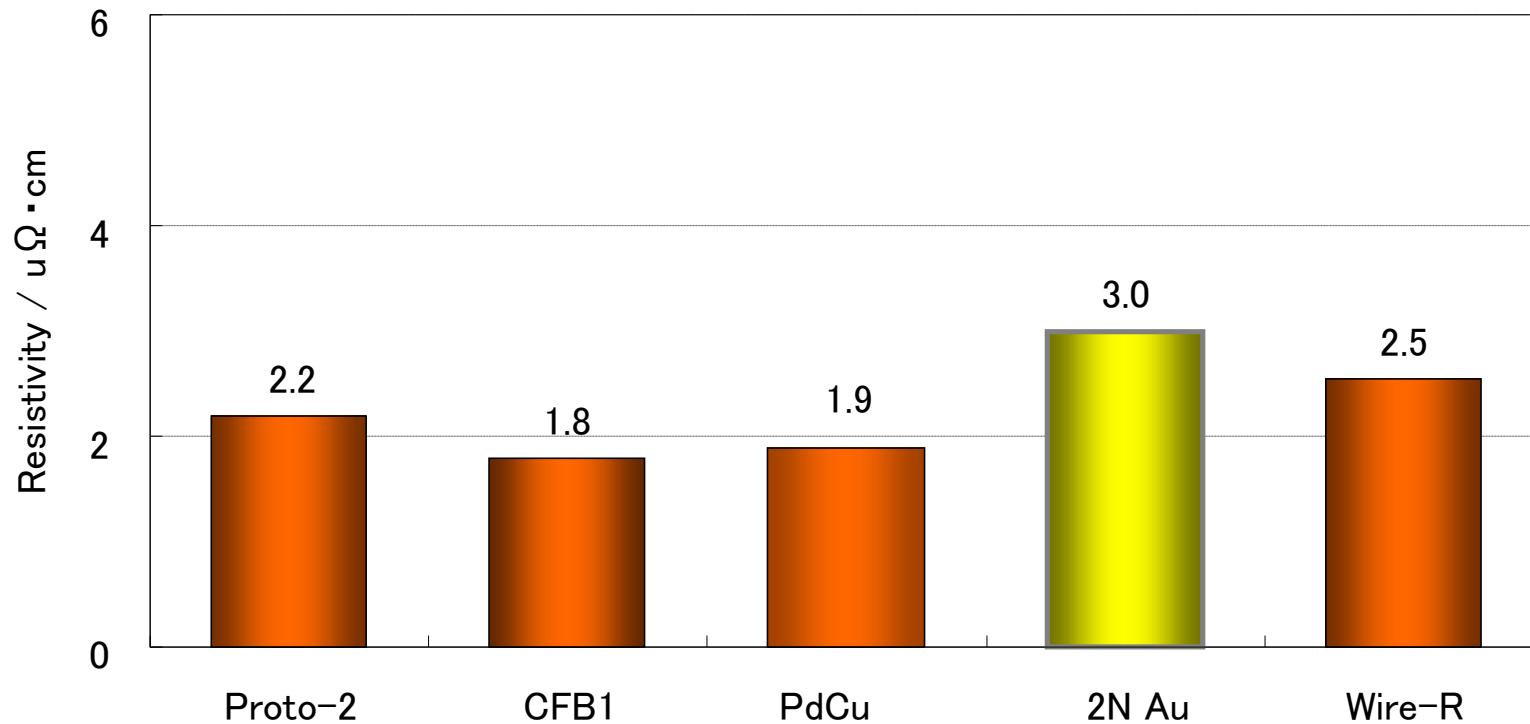
Compression speed : 100mN/sec
Maximum Load : 1000mN

【Outline of Measurement】



Resistivity

Resistivity ($\mu\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$) AVE

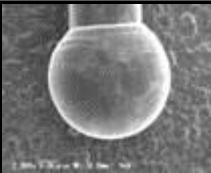
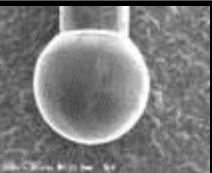
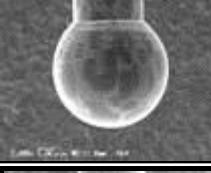
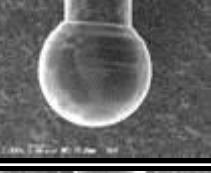
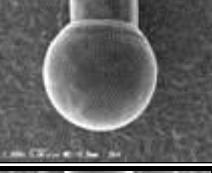
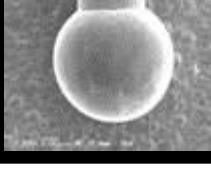
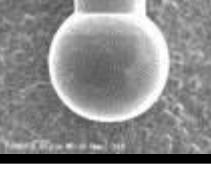
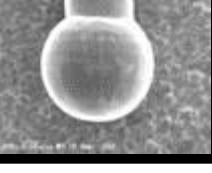


Constant Current Regulator : TORISHA TYPE CCR 110-1
Digital Multimeter : Agilent 34401A
Tester : sanwa PC520 Number : n=3
Temperature : 25°C

Resistivity of Cu alloy is lower than 2N-Au and Wire-R.

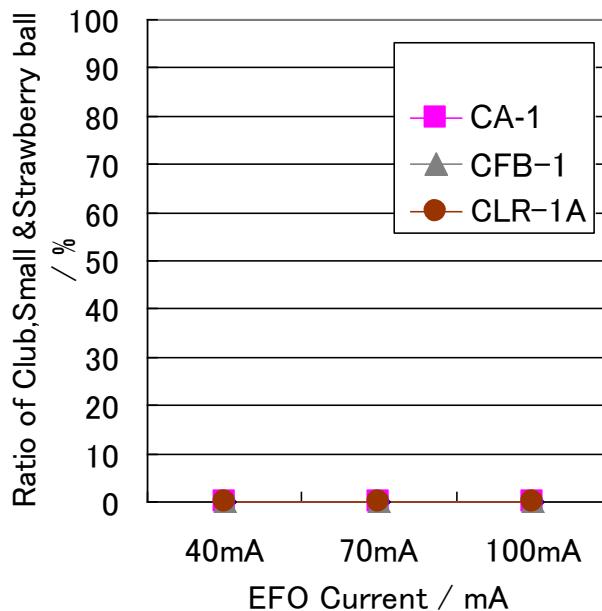
FAB formation

Observation of FAB

EFO Current [mA]	40	70	100
EFO Time [usec]	331	161	101
Cu alloy			
Bare Cu			
PdCu			

Cu alloy has same FAB formation window as bare Cu and PdCu .

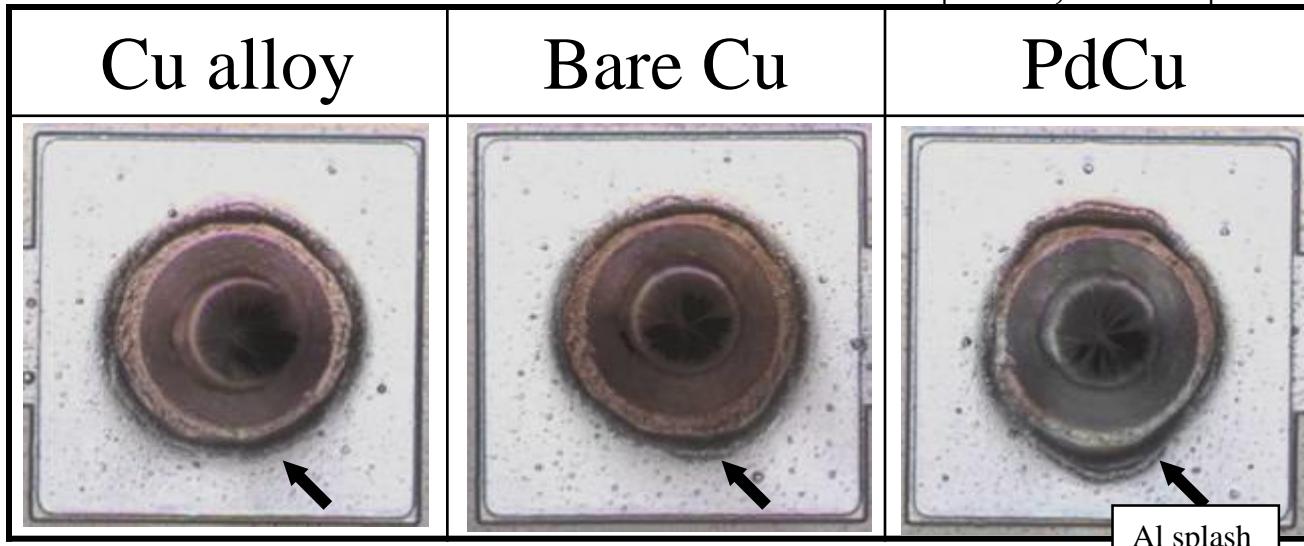
Ratio of Club, Small & Strawberry Ball



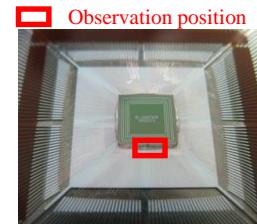
1st Bondability-1

Observation of Squashed Ball (1st bonding condition of All wires are same.)

Wire : $\varphi 20\text{um}$, FAB : $\varphi 38\text{um}$



- Bonding condition
Wire Dia : 20um
Bonder:KnS Maxum Plus (Cu kit)
Capillary :SPT SU-25080-385F-ZU34TP
Die: TANAKA TEG Al-0.5%Cu,
 $t=0.8\text{um}$ (Renesas)
Sub:QFP-200(Ag electro plating)
Bonding Temp:220°C
FAB size (Target):38um
Squashed ball size (Target):
 $X,Y=48\pm 2\text{um}, Z=11\pm 1\text{um}$
Flow Gas : N₂+5%H₂, 05L/min
- Ball Parameter
Wire Diameters:0.79mill
FFO Fire Mode:Ball Size
Ball size:1.55(Proto-1,2,CFB-1),1.57(CLR1A)
EFO Current:70mA,EFO Gap:30mils
Tail extension:10mils
- Bond 1 Parameters
Tip:10mils ,C/V:0.3mils/ms, V Mode,USG
Mode>Contact Current, USG Current:60mA,
USG Bond Time:10ms, USG Pre-Bleed:55mA,
USG Profile:Square, Force:20gf, Initial force:30gf,
Initial Force Time:33%, Force Ramp Time:10%,
X-Scrub:3um, Y-Scrub:0um, Scrub Cycles:1,
Scrub Phase:90deg, 1st Scrub Mode:Pre-USG



Bond Layout

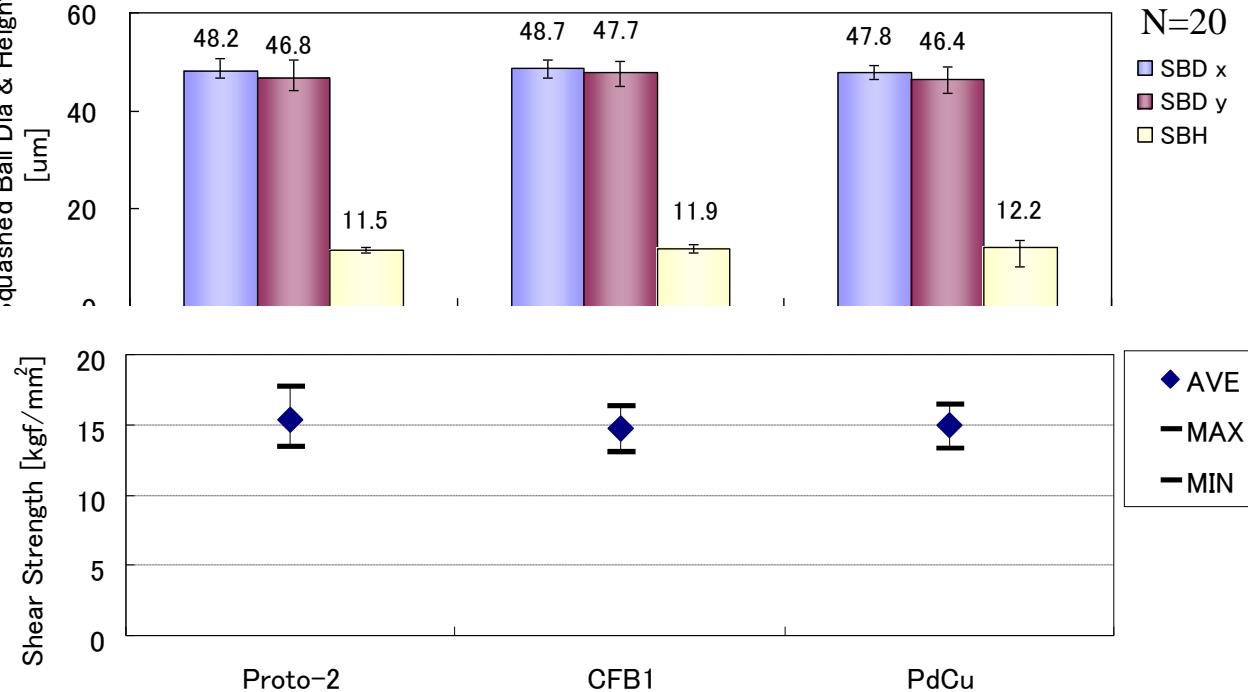
The state of Al splash of Cu alloy is almost same as bare Cu.

1st Bondability-2

Squashed Ball size & Shear strength

(1st bonding condition of All wires are same.)

Wire:φ20um, FAB:φ38um



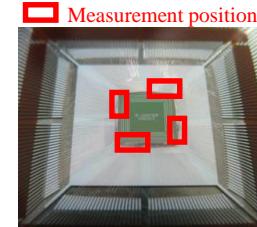
Shear strength of Cu alloy is same as bare Cu and PdCu.

- Bonding condition
Wire Dia : 20um
Bonder:KnS Maxum Plus (Cu kit)
Capillary :SPT SU-25080-385F-ZU34TP
Die: TANAKA TEG Al-0.5%Cu, t=0.8um (Renesas)
Sub:QFP-200(Ag electro plating)
Bonding Temp:220°C
FAB size (Target):38um
Squashed ball size (Target)
:X,Y=48±2um,Z=11±1um
Flow Gas : N₂+5%H₂, 05L/min
- Ball Parameter
Wire Diameters:0.79mill
FFO Fire Mode:Ball Size
Ball size:1.55(Proto-1,2,CFB-1),1.57(CLR1A)
EFO Current:70mA,EFO Gap:30mils
Tail extension:10mils

eters
:0.3mils/ms,
ode:Contact Current,
mA, USG Bond Time:10ms,
:55mA, USG Profile:Square,
ial force:30gf, Initial Force Time:33%,
ne:10%, X-Scrub:3um, Y-Scrub:0um,
Scrub Phase:90deg,
:Pre-USG

lition
size
asuring Micro Scope STM6
100

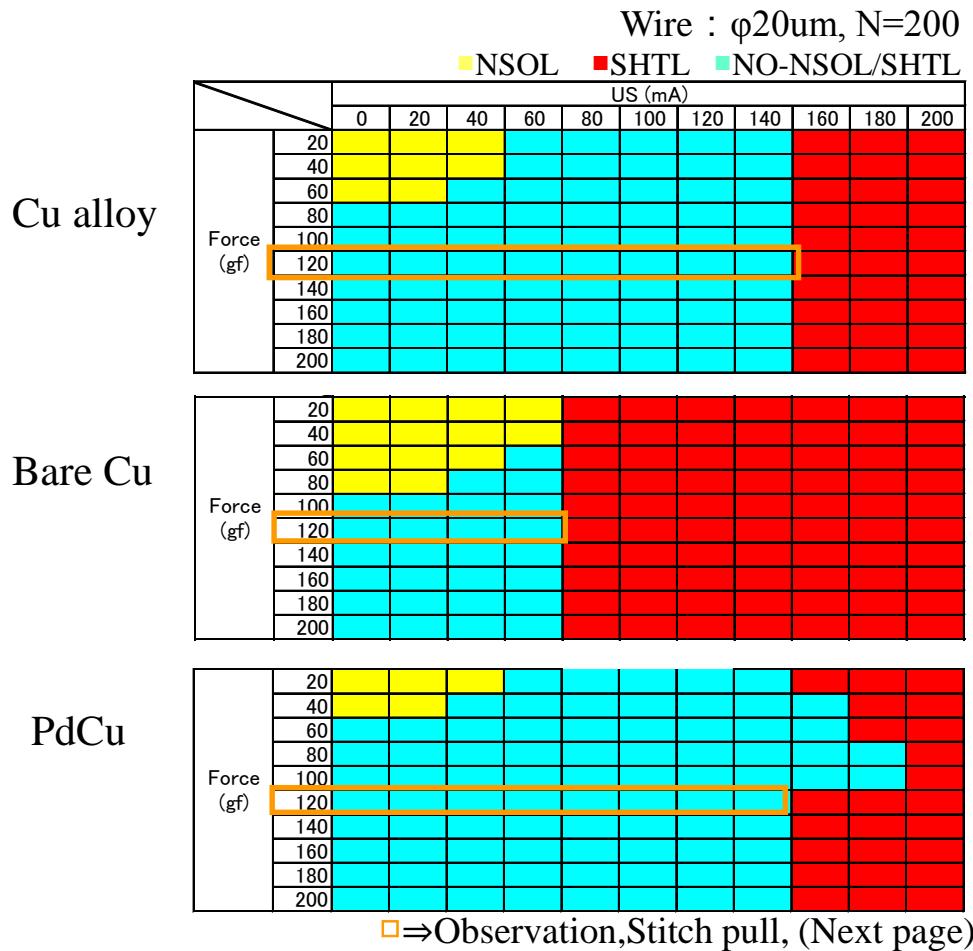
· Shear strength
Equipment: dage BT4000
Shear Speed:125um/s
Shear height:3um
N = 20



Bond Layout

2nd Bondability-1

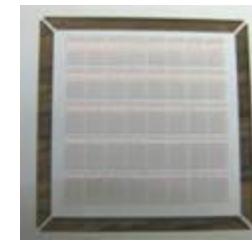
Bonding window (Ag electroplating / QFP Dummy)



Cu alloy

Bare Cu

PdCu



Bond Layout

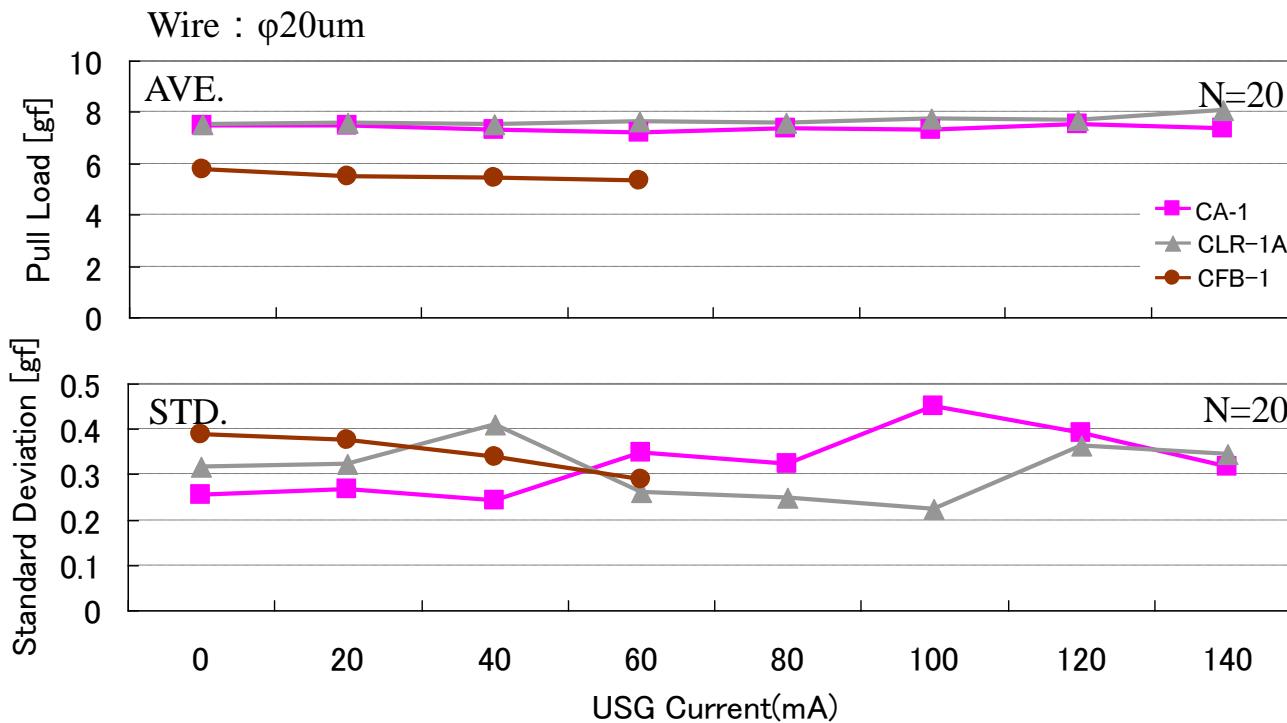
- Bonding condition
Wire Dia : 20um
Bonder:KnS Maxum Plus (Cu kit)
Capillary :SPT SU-25080-385F-ZU34TP
Sub: Dummy substrate ,Ag electro plating
Bonding Temp:220°C
FAB size Target:38um
Flow Gas : N2+5%H2, 05L/min
- Bond 2 Parameters
Tip:10mils ,C/V:0.5mils/ms,
Contact Threshold:70%, USG Bond Time:7ms
Power Equ Factor:100%, USG Pre-Bleed:0mA,
Init'l Force:50g,Init'l Force Time:33%
Tail XY Scrub:0um
Z-Tear USG:50mA, Z-Tear Speed:10%
Tail Scrub USG:0mA,

- Evaluation condition
· Squashed Ball size
OLYMPUS Measuring Micro Scope STM6
Object Glass:×20
N=200

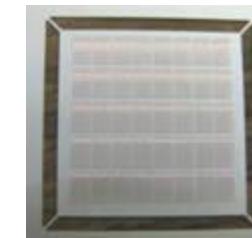
2nd Bonding window of Cu alloy is wider than bare Cu and PdCu.

2nd bondability-2

Stitch Pull Test (Ag electroplating / QFP Dummy)

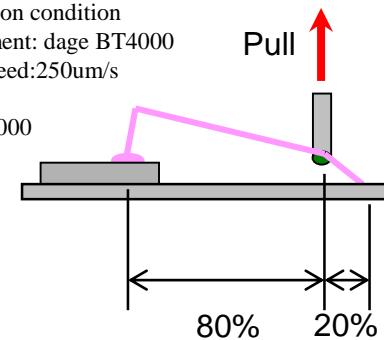


Bonding condition
 Wire Dia : 20um
 Bonder:KnS Maxum Plus (Cu kit)
 Capillary :SPT SU-25080-385F-ZU34TP
 Sub: Dummy substrate ,Ag plating
 Bonding Temp:220°C
 FAB size Target:38um
 Flow Gas : N₂+5%H₂, 05L/min



Bond Layout

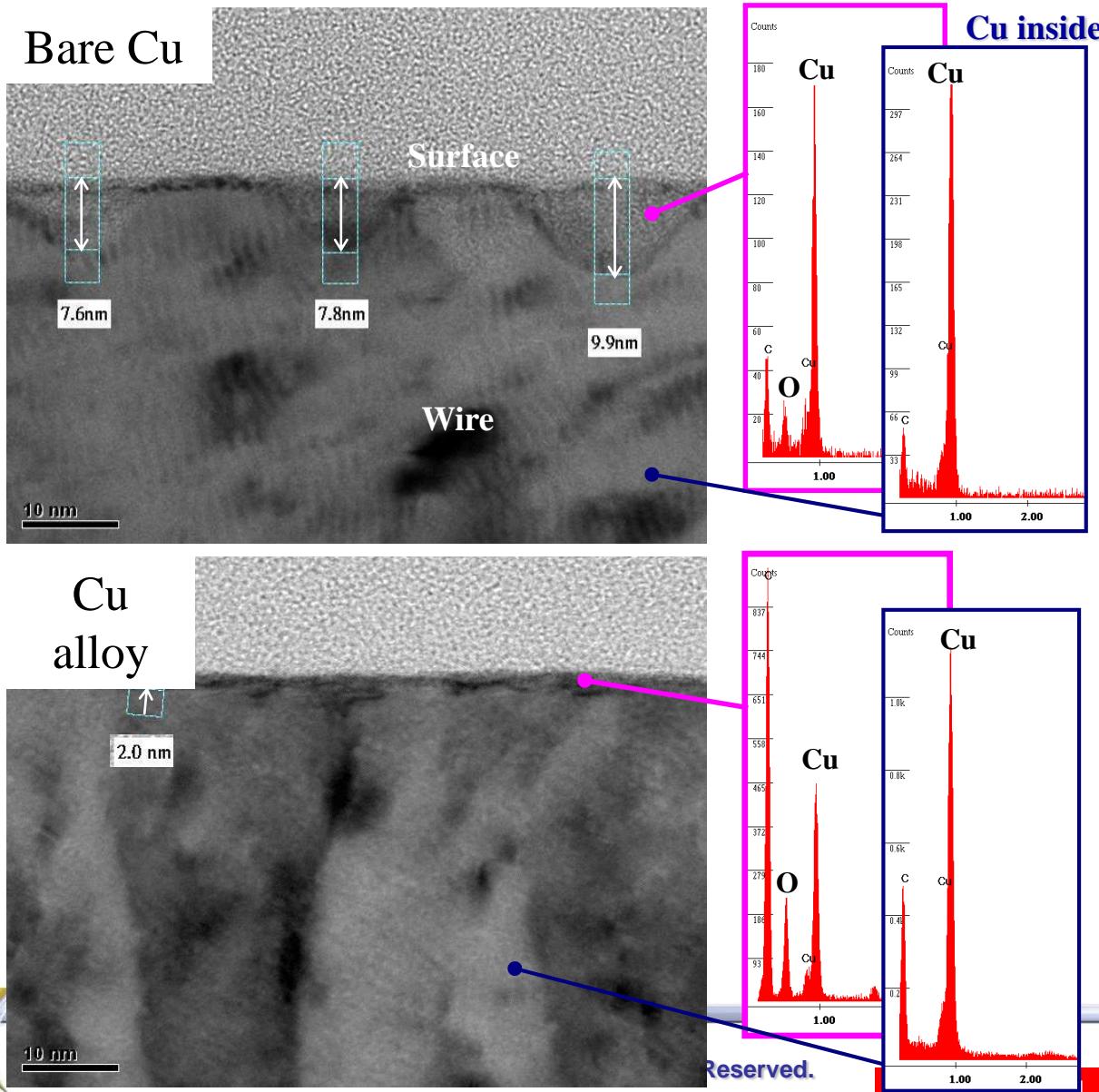
Evaluation condition
 Equipment: dage BT4000
 Pull Speed:250um/s
 N = 20
 Dage: 4000



Stitch Pull strength of Cu alloy is higher than bare Cu.
 (Almost same as PdCu)

Comparison of Oxide film on wire surface

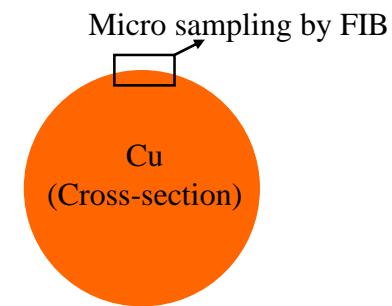
【Cross-sectional View by TEM/EDX】



Evaluation wire : Cu alloy, Bare Cu
Wire Dia : 18mm (Cross-section)
Equipment : TEM/EDX
Magnification : $\times 220k$

*

*The sample for observation was adjusted by FIB (Micro sampling).



Cu alloy has a uniform oxide film thinner than Bare Cu. Alloy material can prevent oxidization.

Disclaimer:

Accuracy of TEM/EDX may be affected by unevenness of the surface.
Oxide film area is estimated from multiple analyses

Reliability test Overview

◆ Test Condition (HTS and HAST)

Evaluation wire: Cu alloy, 4N-Cu

Diameter: 20um

Squashed ball size: X,Y=50um,Z=10um (Up to 13kg/mm²)

Gas Flow: N₂+5%H₂(0.5L/min)

Flame : QFP200pin (Measurement number : 88pairs), 42 alloy, Ag-plated

Substrate: FR-4 32pin, (Measurement number : 64pairs), Au electro-plating

Chip: TANAKA TEG Chip Al-0.5%Cu, t=0.8um (Renesas)

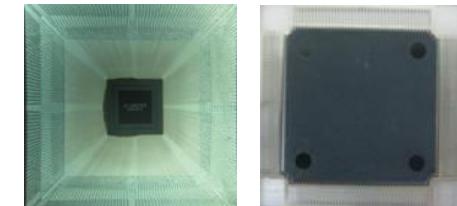
Bonder: K&S Maxum Plus (Cu kit)

Capillary : SPT SU-25080-385F-ZU34TP

Mold resin: Nitto Denko MP-8000CH, GE7470L-A

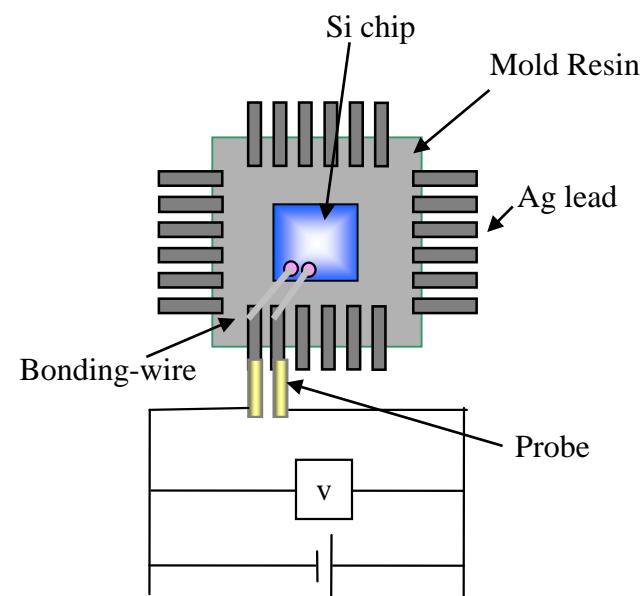
Mold temperature: 180 deg C

Cure: 175 deg C, 5hrs in the air



Mold Temp.=180°C

Post Cure=175°C×5hr



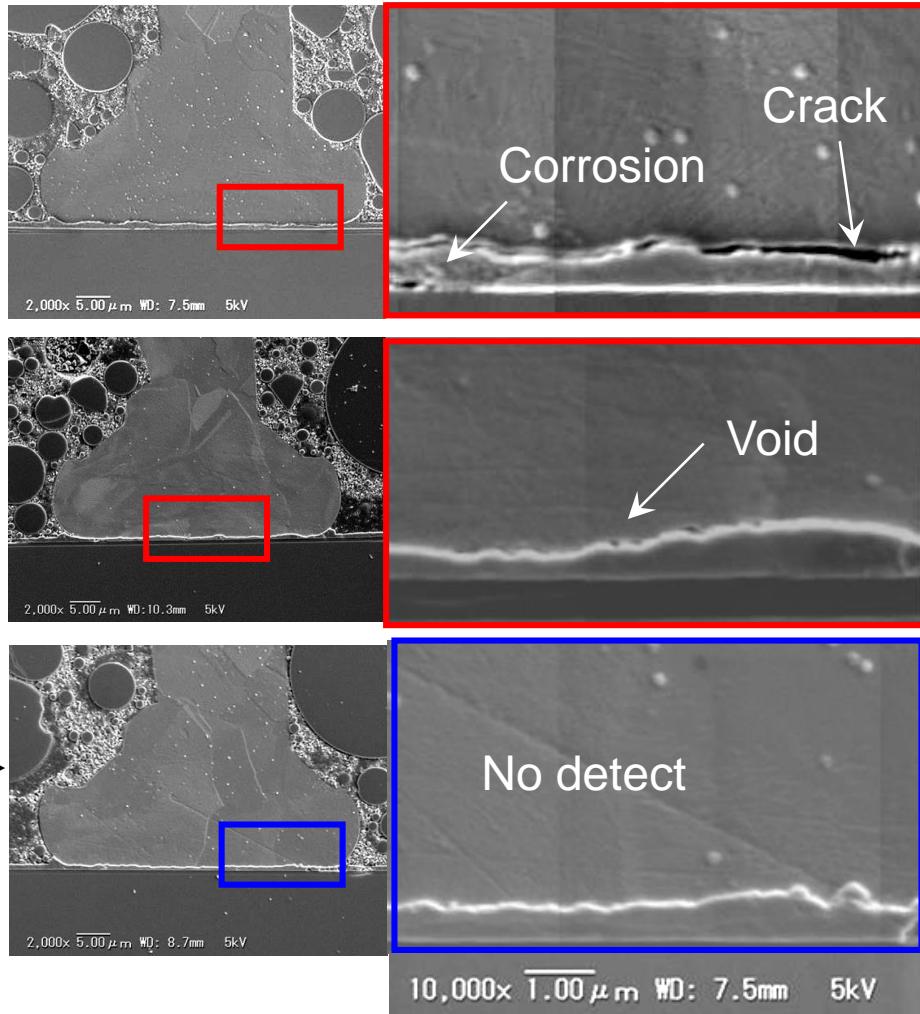
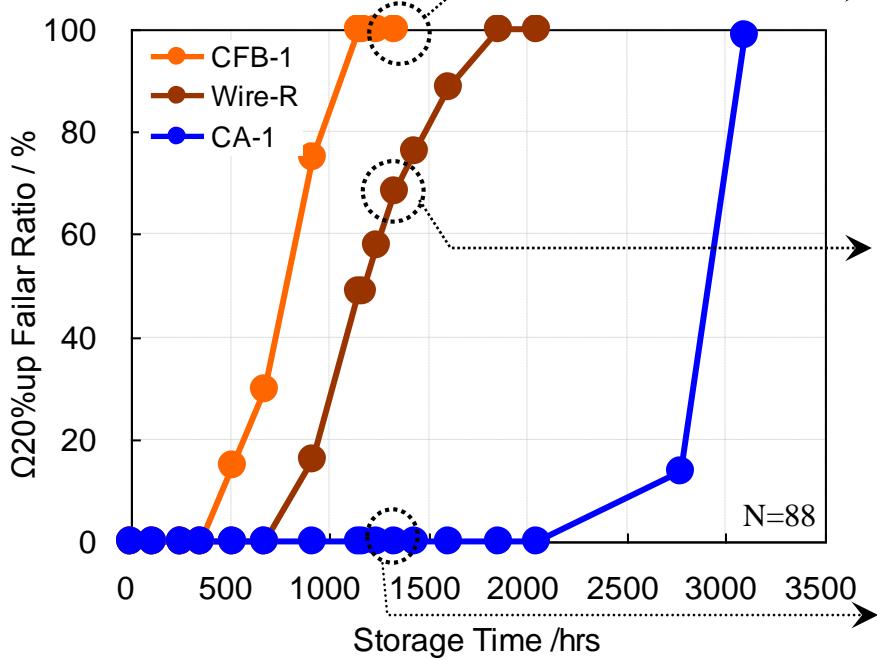
【Test condition】

1. HTS: 175°C, QFP, Non-Green resin(MP-8000CH)
 2. uHAST: 130deg C 85%rh, BGA, Green resin (GE7470L-A)
- *no preconditioning, no reflow

Reliability

HTS 175°C, QFP, Non-Green resin

- Failure Ratio ($\Omega 20\% \text{up}$) & Failure Analysis

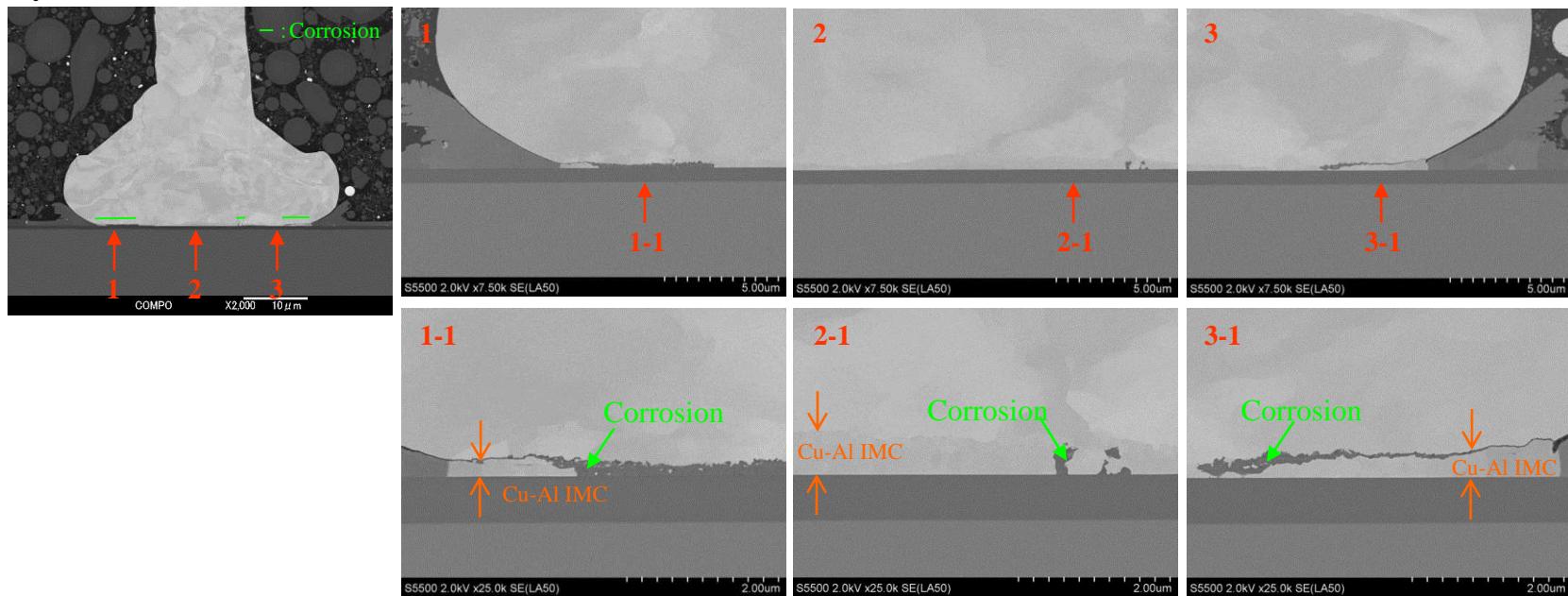


Cu alloy shows no failure until 2000 hrs.

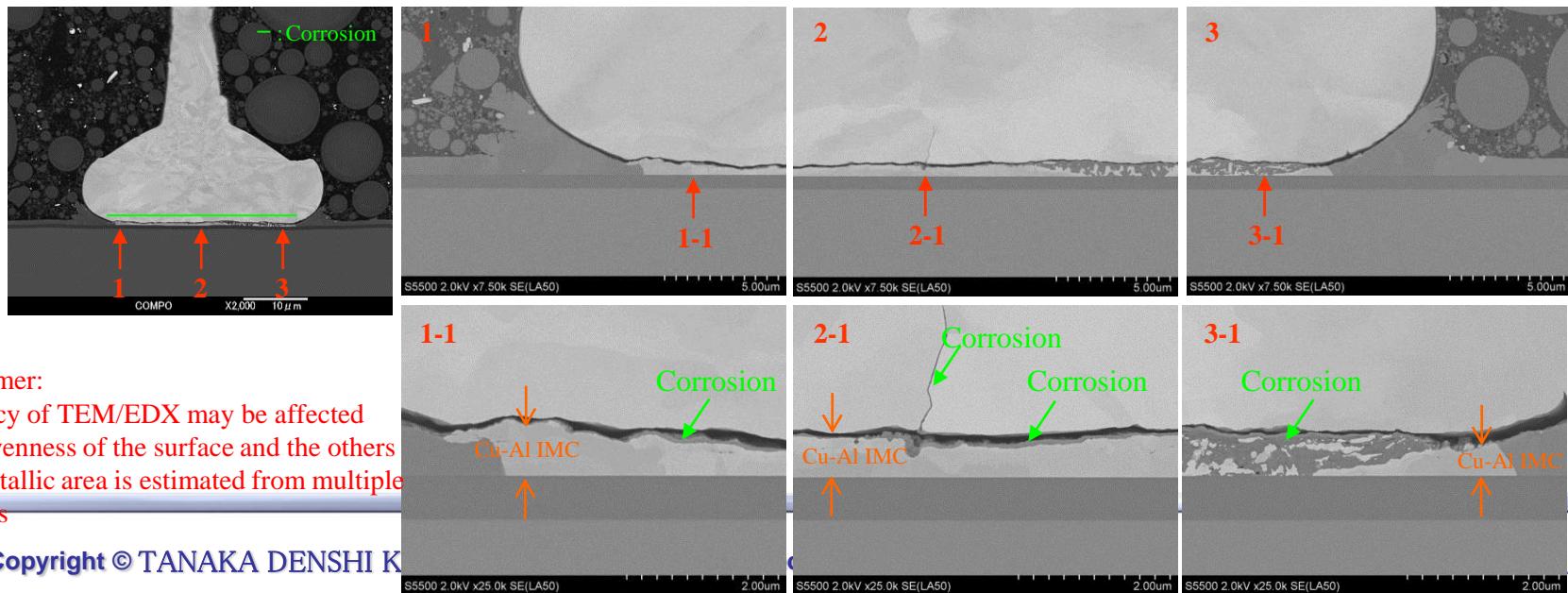
Cu alloy has no detect at cross-section of 1st Ball/Pad at 1300hrs.

Comparison of Cu-Al inter-metallic @HTS 175°C 1300hrs

Cu alloy



Bare Cu

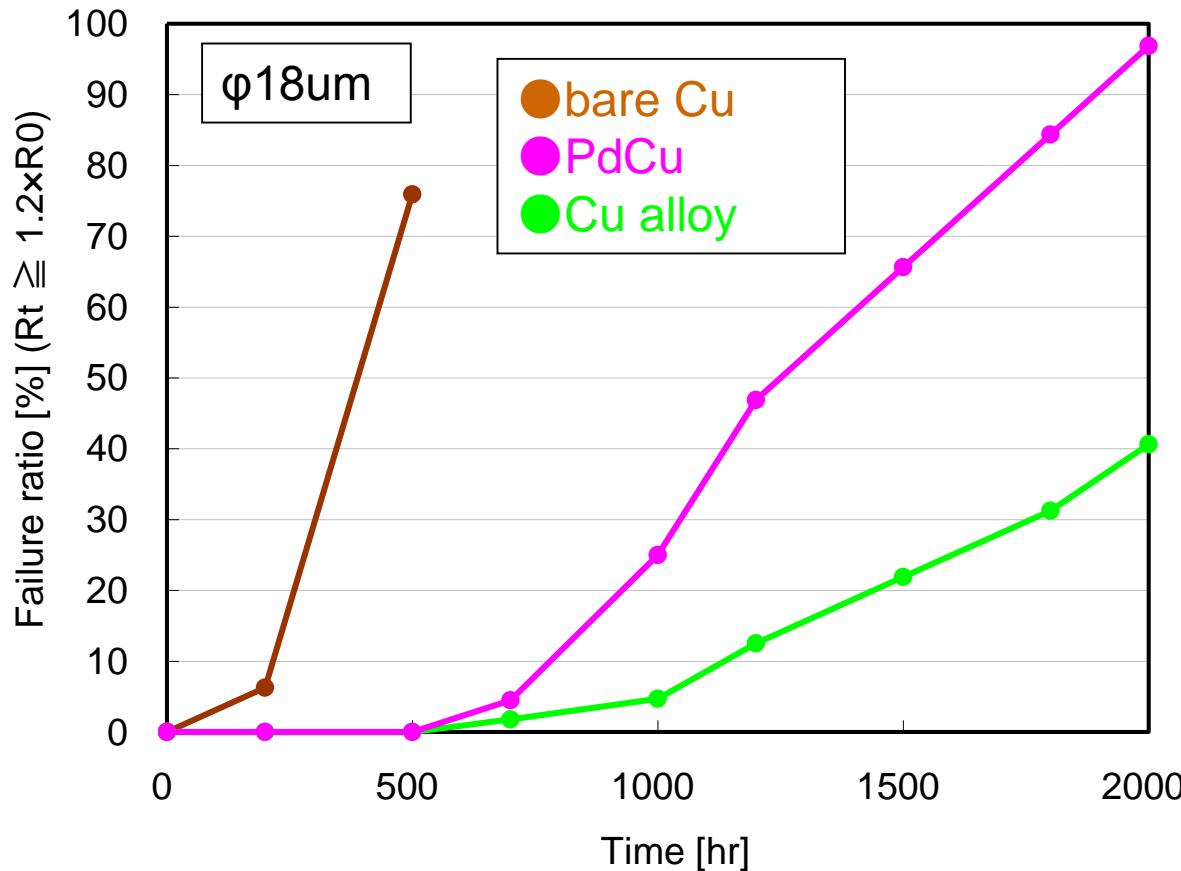


Disclaimer:

Accuracy of TEM/EDX may be affected
by unevenness of the surface and the others
Intermetallic area is estimated from multiple
analyses

Reliability

HTSL - 200°C , BGA , Green resin



<Bonding conditions>

Bonder: ProCu

Gas flow rate:

Forming, 0.50l/min(EFO)

EFO Current: 65mA

Wire dia.: 18um

Squashed ball dia.: 36um

Squashed ball thickness: 9um

Shear stress: over 12kgf/mm²

SPT SU-23060-283F-ZU34TP

<other conditions>

Die :WALTS MB6020-0102JY,

Pad: Al-0.5%Cu, 0.8umt

substrate:OKI PBGA32pin (HF)

256point, 128circuit

(=16circuit/IC × 4IC × 2Frame)

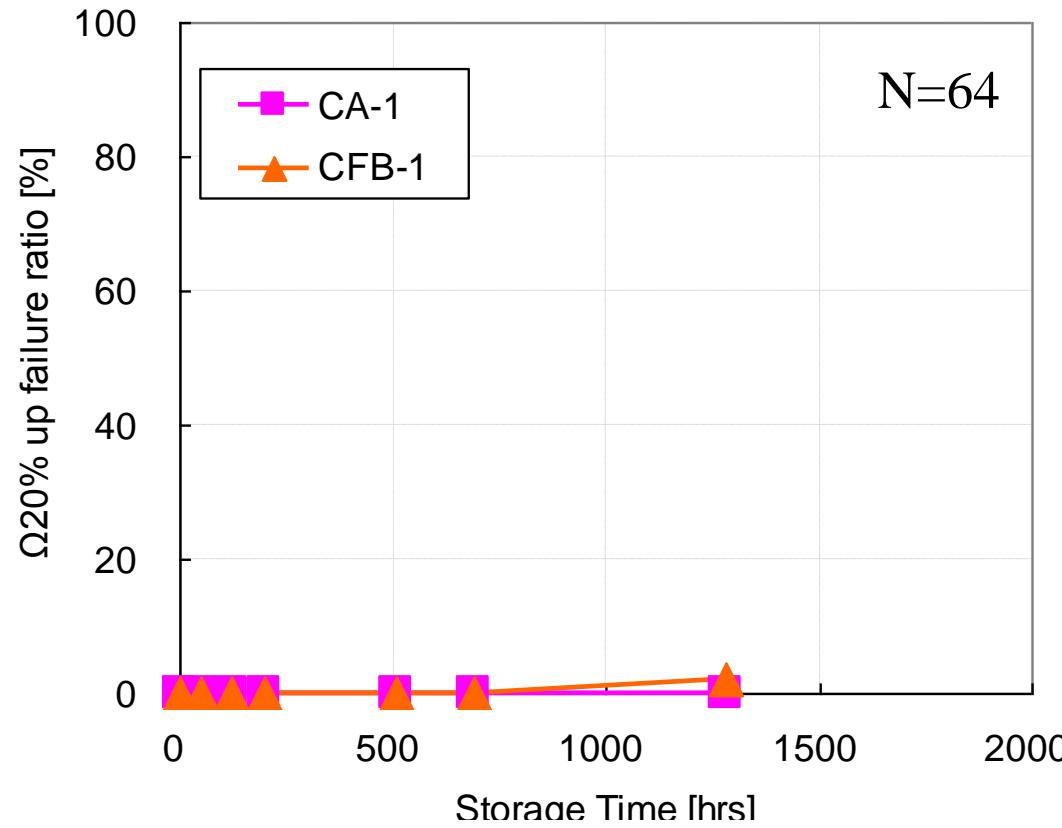
Initial resistance:0.8-1.0Ω

Cu alloy is better than BareCu / PCC about HTSL test.

Reliability

uHAST 130deg C 85%rh, BGA, Green resin

◆ Failure Ratio ($\Omega 20\%$ up)



Cu alloy shows no resistance changes until 1200 hrs.

Summary (Details of Technical Data)

- Cu alloy has a larger breaking load and elongation compared with bare Cu and PdCu wire.
- Cu alloy has a lower resistivity compared with 2N-Au.
- Cu alloy has same FAB formation window as bare Cu and PdCu.
- Cu alloy has same compression stress on FAB compared with bare Cu.
- Cu alloy has wider 2nd window than bare Cu.
- Cu alloy has superior reliability (HTS) performance than bare Cu.

End of Report

Summary of Cu alloy wire evaluation

Category	Pd coated Cu	Cu alloy	bare Cu
type	CLR-1A	CA-1	CFB-1
Resistivity	★★★	★★	★★★
Reliability	HTS	★★	★★~★★★
	HAST	★★★	★★~★★★
FAB formation	★★	★★	★★
1st bondability	★	★★	★★
2nd bondability	★★★	★★	★
Price	★	★★	★★★

Cu alloy wire has no major negative point.

Thank you !
ムサクノンイ

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